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AANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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OMB APPROVAL

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8-26090

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	January 1, 2002	AND ENDING	G_December 31, 2002
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDENTIF	TCATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Mo (formerly Laudo ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	eridien Financial G erdale Investment C JSINESS: (Do not use P.O.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM I.D. NO.
10	Dorrance Street		
	(No. and Street)		
Providence	Rhode Isla	nd	02903
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF Michael L. Balasco	PERSON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS	S REPORT 401.272.4700
			(Area Code - Telephone Number
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
Rooney, Plotkin & Wil	•		
10 Dorrance Street, P	rovidence, Rhode Is	land 02903	
(Address)	(City)	(Sta	ite) (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		for the second s	
Certified Public Accountant			FEB 2 7 2003
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in U	nited States or any of its pos	sessions.	165 PROCESSED
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	FIIOULOUL
			MAR 1 3 2003
			THOMSON

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independe Than Claumant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Michael L. Balasco, Principal & President , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (formerly Lauderdale Investment Company), as
of December 31 , 20 2002, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:
111 0 10 0
li las
Signature
PRINCIPAL + PRESIDENT
Title
1 inte
Lusar Cascoal
Notary Public
This was set ** contains (charle all annihable bayon).
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes): [Extending Page.]
(a) Facing Fago. (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss). and Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)
(d) Statement of Changes in Finencial Condition Cash Flows
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
 ☑ (g) Computation of Net Capital. ☒ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(i) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation. I (1) An Oath or Affirmation.
(i) An Oath of Affilhation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(in) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit x (o) Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information Required by Rule 17a-5
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3), of the Securities
and Exchange Comm.
x (p) Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rules 17a-5 for a Broker Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3
TOT 2 KTOKET DESIGN LIBITING AN EXCHIDITION SEC RULE 1969 9

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Financial Statements

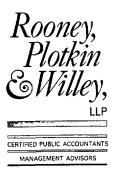
December 31, 2002 and 2001

MERIDIEN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. (formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Index to Financial Statements

December 31, 2002 and 2001

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from SEC Rule 15c3-3	13



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Meridien Financial Group, Inc. Providence, Rhode Island

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (formerly Lauderdale Investment Company) (a Rhode Island corporation) as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the related statements of income and retained earnings, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Meridien Financial Group, Inc. at December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

ROONLY, PLOTKIN & WILLEY, LLP

January 31, 2003



(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Statements of Financial Condition

		December 31,		
		2002		2001
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Commissions Receivable Prepaid Expenses Refundable Income Taxes Furniture and Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation of \$49,585 and \$43,362, Respectively	\$	131,013 31,958 885 450 8,260	\$	129,228 40,254 872
Total Assets	\$_	172,566	\$_	170,354
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER	S' E(QUITY		
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Commissions Payable Income Taxes Payable Total Liabilities	\$	15,959 94,784 	\$	9,993 90,132 644 100,769
Stockholders' Equity: Common Stock Additional Paid-In Capital Retained Earnings Total Stockholders' Equity		20,125 41,378 320 61,823		20,125 41,378 8,082 69,585
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	172,566	\$	170,354

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Statements of Income and Retained Earnings

		Years Ended	d December 31, 2001		
Revenues	\$	1,142,423	\$ _	1,542,406	
Expenses:					
Compensation Costs		765,609		1,061,256	
Secretarial Services		270,600		361,083	
Office Supplies and Expense		21,195		16,891	
Depreciation		6,223		4,621	
Rent Expense		10,800		10,800	
Postage and Printing		9,458		9,316	
Telephone		9,008		9,942	
Equipment Lease Expense		237			
Travel and Entertainment		19,028		23,128	
Professional Fees		8,079		6,238	
Dues, Subscriptions and Licenses		10,512		6,281	
Insurance		5,517		2,361	
Management Fees		12,000		12,000	
Continuing Education		2,020		536	
Utilities		1,200		1,200	
Total Expenses		1,151,486	-	1,525,653	
Income (Loss) from Operations		(9,063)		16,753	
Interest and Other Income	_	1,546	_	2,423	
Income (Loss) Before Provision for					
Income Taxes		(7,517)		19,176	
Provision for Income Taxes	_	245	_	644	
Net Income (Loss)		(7,762)		18,532	
Retained Earning (Accumulated Deficit), Beginning of Year	_	8,082	_	(10,450)	
Retained Earnings, End of Year	\$_	320	\$_	8,082	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Statements of Cash Flows

		Years Ended De 2002		2001	
Operating Activities:		s			
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(7,762)	\$	18,532	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash					
Provided by Operating Activities:				•	
Depreciation		6,223		4,621	
Change In:					
Commissions Receivable		8,296		(2,599)	
Prepaid Expenses		(13)		(405)	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		5,966		(22,118)	
Commissions Payable		4,652		11,991	
Income Taxes Refundable/Payable	_	(1,094)		394	
Total Adjustments	_	24,030		(8,116)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_	16,268	_	10,416	
Investing Activities:					
Acquisition of Furniture and Equipment		(14,483)		(4,621)	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	_	(14,483)	_	(4,621)	
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,785		5,795	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		129,228	_	123,433	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$_	131,013	\$=	129,228	
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash Paid During the Year for Income Taxes	\$ _	1,339	\$_	250	

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2002 and 2001

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. Nature of the Organization:

Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (the Company) is a Rhode Island broker/dealer regulated by the National Association of Securities Dealers and a member of the Securities Investors Protection Corporation. The Company's principal business activity consists of the generation of commission income from the sale of mutual funds, variable life insurance, variable annuities and shares in registered investment companies. On January 3, 2001, the Company changed its name from Lauderdale Investment Company to Meridien Financial Group, Inc. The name change was approved by the NASD on January 19, 2001.

B. Income Taxes:

Income taxes are provided for the tax effect of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due and deferred taxes. The deferred taxes relate primarily to net operating loss carry-forwards, accelerated depreciation deduction carry-forwards, and charitable contribution carry-forwards available to reduce taxable income in future periods.

C. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Company considers all highly liquid short-term investments, with a maturity of three months or less upon acquisition, to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

E. Furniture and Equipment:

Furniture and equipment is recorded at cost and depreciated over its estimated useful life.

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2002 and 2001

2. Common Stock:

The Company has authorized 400 shares of no par value common stock. As of December 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company had 374 shares issued and outstanding.

3. Related Party Transactions:

The Company reimburses a company affiliated through common ownership for certain costs as follows:

•		<u> 2002</u>	2001
Rent and Utilities	•	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000
Secretarial Services		<u>270,600</u>	354,100
Total		\$ <u>282,600</u>	\$ <u>366,100</u>

Rent, on a month-to-month basis, is charged based on certain costs that are directly allocated by the affiliate. The Company is charged monthly for administrative services by the affiliate based on certain activity levels.

During 2002 and 2001, the Company paid commissions and management fees of \$529,000 and \$939,000, respectively, to stockholders of the Company. In addition, at December 31, 2002 and 2001, \$54,000 and \$42,000, respectively, were due to such individuals and are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses and commissions payable.

4. Provision for Income Taxes:

		2002	2001
Current:			
Federal	\$	(3)	\$ 2,794
State		248	1,842
Benefit of Deduction Carry-Forwards Used		-	(3,992)
Deferred:			
Federal		-	6,000
State		-	3,300
Change in Valuation Allowance	_		(<u>9,300</u>)
Total Provision for Income Taxes	\$ _	<u> 245</u>	\$ <u>644</u>

The provision for income taxes differs from the statutory rate because certain expenses, primarily meals, are limited for tax purposes and a valuation allowance has been provided for the deferred tax asset that would result from the \$6,000 net operating loss carryforward that expires in 2022.

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2002 and 2001

5. Net Capital and Reserve Requirements:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1). In accordance with this rule, the Company is required to maintain minimum net capital of \$5,000, or 6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness, whichever is greater. In addition, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital cannot exceed 15 to 1.

At December 31, 2002 the Company had net capital of \$40,546, which was \$33,624 in excess of its required net capital of \$6,992. At December 31, 2001 the Company had net capital of \$68,713, which was \$61,995 in excess of its required net capital of \$6,718. At December 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 2.56 to 1 and 1.47 to 1, respectively.

The Company is exempt from the reserve requirements for brokers/dealers under Rule 15c3-3(k)(1).



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

To the Board of Directors Meridien Financial Group, Inc. Providence, Rhode Island

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (formerly Lauderdale Investment Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2003. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplemental schedules of financial and operational combined uniform single report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

HOONEY, WISTER & Willey, UP ROONEY, PLOTKIN & WILLEY, LLP

January 31, 2003

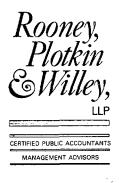


FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART IIA

_					
	ROKER OR DEALER Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (formerl	v Taidada - T		12/31/0	2
_			estment Compar	ıy),	
	COMPUTATION	ON OF NET CAPITAL			
2. 3.	Total ownership equity from Statement of Financial Condition	***************************************	₹。(61,823	3480) 3490 3500
5. 6.	A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in compute B. Other (deductions) or allowable credits (List) Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities Deductions and/or charges: A. Total non-allowable assets from			- - 61,823	3520 3525 3530
	Statement of Financial Condition (Notes B and C) B. Secured demand note delinquency C. Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities – proprietary capital charges		3590 3600		
7. 3. 9.	D. Other deductions and/or charges			21,277 - 40,546) 3620 3630 3640
	B. Subordinated securities borrowings C. Trading and investment securities: 1. Exempted securities 2. Debt securities 3. Options 4. Other securities D. Undue Concentration	18	3670 3735 3733 3730 3734 3650 3736) [374 0]
10.	E. Other (List) Net Capital			40,546	3750
	Nan -11 11 - A 17 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1			OM	T PENNIES
	Non-allowable Assets/Liabilities: Commission Receivable Prepaid Expenses Refundable Income Taxes Furniture and Equipment, Net		,682 885 450 3,260	;	
	Net Capital, as reported	\$ 40	7,992		
	Income Tax Provision Admustment		(446)		
	Net Capital, per above	: \$: : : : : 40	,546		

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT

FAN	I IIA			
BROKER OR DEALER			12/31/02	·
Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (formerly	Lauderdale Investment	Compan	y)	
COMPUTATION OF NET	CAPITAL REQUIREMENT			
Part A				
•			ć 010	
11. Minimum net capital required (67/3% of line 19)	•••••••••••••••••••••••	\$	6,922	3756
12. Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum	net capital requirement	•	5,000	[0350
of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A) 13. Net capital requirement (greater of line 11 or 12)		\$	6.922	3758 3760
14. Excess net capital (line 10 less 13)			33.624	3770
15. Excess net capital at 1000% (line 10 less 10% of line 19)			30.164	3780
·				
COMPUTATION OF AGGR	EGATE INDEBTEDNESS			
16. Total A.I. liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition		\$	103,819	3790
17 Add		Ψ	105,025	
A. Drafts for immediate credit		3800	•	
	•	ক্রে		
is paid or credited	<u> </u>	3810 3820 \$	_	3830
18. Total aggregate indebtedness	- 1.		103,819	3840
19. Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (line 18 + by line 10)		%	256	3850
20. Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d)	%	0	3860
COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATE Part B	NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT			
21. 2% of combined aggregate debit items as shown in Formula for Reserve Requireme prepared as of the date of the net capital computation including both brokers or deal				3970
prepared as or the date of the net capital computation including both blokers of deal 22. Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum n		Ф		13970
subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	23\$		3880
23. Net capital requirement (greater of line 21 or 22)		\$		3760
24. Excess capital (line 10 less 23)		\$		3910
 Net capital in excess of the greater of: A. 5% of combined aggregate debit items or \$120,000 		\$		3920
At the state of th		······· •		10020
NOTES:				
(A) The minimum net capital requirement should be computed by adding the minimum of	tollar net capital requirement of the reporting	a broker deale	r and for each	
subsidiary to be consolidated, the greater of:		,		
Minimum dollar net capital requirement , or				
2. 62/3% of aggregate indebtedness or 4% of aggregate debits if alternative method	is used.	.,		
(B) Do not deduct the value of securities borrowed under subordination agreements or s and the market values of memberships in exchanges contributed for use of company	ecured demand note covered by subordina:	ion agreement	ts not in satisfactor	y form
and the market values of memberships in exchanges continuated for use of company assets.	(contra to item 1740) and partitles securi	nes willcit we	re included in non-a	nowanic
(C) For reports filed pursuant to paragraph (d) of Rule 17a-5, respondent should provide	a list of material non-allowable assets.			
	•			
Aggregate Indebtedness, as reported	\$104,003		•	
TPD2-Pare Indepredicts, an Inhorper	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 			
Change in Non Allowable Tiebilities	(630)			
Change in Non Allowable Liabilities	(030)			
	. , , ,			
Income Tax Provision Adjustment	446		•	
Accrecate Indebtedness, per above	\$103.819			



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Board of Directors Meridien Financial Group, Inc. Providence, Rhode Island

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (formerly Lauderdale Investment Company) (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned



objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ROONEY, PLOTKIN & WILLEY, LLP

January 31, 2003